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## CLAIMS

- 1. An electrokinetic method for groundwater protection, soil remediation and/or soil engineering which comprises applying an electric field between iron-rich sacrificial electrodes, which are implanted in an area of water-bearing soil, sediment or slurry, so as to generate an abrupt pH and Eh gradient from acid to alkaline conditions, with the spontaneous in situ precipitation of a stable iron-rich band occurring at the boundary between the acid and alkaline zones.
- A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the pH gradient is from pH2 to pH13.
  - 3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the current is applied between one or more pairs of electrodes inserted in the area of soil, sediment or slurry.
- 15 4. A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the electrodes are made of cast iron, scrap iron, stainless steel or other iron-rich material.
  - 5. A method as claimed in claim 3 or claim 4, wherein the voltage employed is less than 0.5 volts per cm of the distance between a pair of electrodes.
- 20 6. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the soil, sediment or slurry contains organic, inorganic and/or radioactive contaminants.
  - 7. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the iron-rich band acts as a physical and/or chemical barrier to contaminants present in the soil, sediment or slurry.
  - 8. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, where iron is precipitated to form an impermeable coherent band, or a coating which cements soil/sediment particles, or a dispersed coating on mineral grains, between two or more electrodes.
- 30 9. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the generation of the pH / Eh gradient mobilises, remobilises

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and/or traps contaminants present in the soil, sediment or slurry.

10. A method as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, which is performed for the purpose of the stabilisation and/or strategic dewatering/rewatering of soils, sediment and/or slurries, the improvement of the physical properties of soils and sediments for engineering purposes, the forced and directed migration of contaminated leachates, and/or electro-osmotic purging of non-polar contaminants.